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French, English and Scotch Goods.

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A quantity of the Botany Worsted Mills' Heavy Tweed Cycle Suits.

Samples of these and other new and desirable fabrics on our counters. Price and width in plain figures.

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Great Emergency Sale

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Thursday, Oct. 10, at 9 a. m.

Will include thousands of dollars' worth of goods that were in our warehouses and thousands of dollars' worth that were in transit.

The sale will continue from day to day until every dollar's worth is sold. These goods MUST be sold, for it will be several months before we get into our new store.

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FOR THE WEEK AT

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Cheviot Jackets Black and Blue, \$5.00

Persian Lamb Cloth Cape, \$3.00

Plush Capes, \$5.00

The best line of jackets in this city. See them.

BOYD & JONES,

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A new pair of Gloves

Improves the look of your costume.

Get the Best

Prices \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2. Same prices by mail.

Tucker's

THE ONLY GLOVESTORE, 102 E. WASHINGTON ST.

PRISON NORTH AFFAIRS.

State Has a Suit with the Amazon Hosiery Company.

Warden Harley is at the Denison, having come down from the Prison North to make the monthly draft on the State treasury. He says that he has had to sue the Amazon Hosiery Company for the amount due the State, owing to the unwillingness of the company to pay what it owes. The disagreement arises out of the terms of the contract, which provided that when the term expired the State was to buy the steam plant of the company, the value being assessed by a board of arbitration. The company insisted on being allowed the value of the steam plant right away, but there is no provision for such a thing until the Legislature approves the plan. The company then continued to hold out the amount from the amount due the State for labor, hence the suit. The company ceased paying in July. The new company begins its operations in December. Mr. Marshall, president of the Lake State Company, was at the Denison last night, in conference with the directors of the prison.

G. A. R. APPOINTMENTS.

Commander-in-Chief Walker Announces His Staff.

Commander-in-Chief Walker, of the G. A. R., yesterday issued general order No. 2, announcing the following appointments:

Irvin Robbins, Indianapolis, adjutant-general; A. J. Bu-bank, Chicago, quartermaster-general; William M. Olin, Boston, inspector-general; Alfred Dart, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., judge advocate-general.

The executive committee of the national council of administration will be composed of William H. Armstrong, Indianapolis; R. H. Cochran, Toledo; George H. Hopkins, of Detroit; Albert Scheffer, of St. Paul; F. M. Stetert, of St. Louis; Albert W. Swalm, of Oklahoma, Ia., and Charles L. Marburg, of Baltimore.

Too Much Taggart Beer.

Henry Smith, colored, filled up on too much Democratic free liquor of a poor quality yesterday and during the afternoon tried to clean out his neighborhood on West Third street. It is said that he assaulted his wife and ran all others out of the vicinity of his home, but met his match when he assaulted William H. Hudson, also colored, who happened to be passing that he struck Hudson and that in self-defense Hudson hit him in the head with a rock. Both men were arrested, Smith being charged with assault and battery, and assault and battery upon his wife. Hudson was released on bond.

Indiana Guard Bulletin.

Adjutant-general Robbins yesterday issued commissions to officers of the Indiana National Guard as follows: William F. Meek, captain of Company L, Second Regiment, Kokomo; Frank L. Kennedy, first lieutenant of Company E, Second Regiment, Franklin; Ora J. Shuck, second lieutenant of Company E, Second Regiment, Franklin.

Met Backs of all kinds at Wm. L. Elder's

T. TAGGART'S BARROOM

DISCUSSED AT THE MEETING OF MINISTERS YESTERDAY.

Rev. Mr. Crafts Shows the Democratic Candidate to Be a Saloon Keeper—His Bartender.

The saloon license of Thomas Taggart, Democratic candidate for Mayor, came up for consideration in an unexpected manner before the monthly meeting of the ministers of the city yesterday morning. The discussion for a few minutes was sharp. Two or three of the ministers did not believe that Mr. Taggart had ever held a saloon license, but a memorandum from the record was read, showing that a license was issued to Thomas Taggart, Grand Hotel, and the records of the Police Court were quoted, showing that Mr. Taggart's bartender was arrested for violating the Sunday law and fined in court. The law says the owner of a saloon and no other person shall be granted a license.

The question arose at the ministers' meeting after the completion of the regular morning's business. Rev. Wilbur Crafts, superintendent of the National Bureau of Reform, was discussing the reform work in the different cities. During his remarks he said:

"There is not much hope of reform when the candidate of one of the leading parties owns a saloon, which was raided by the police for a violation of the law on Sunday. When a man such as the Democratic candidate, Mr. Taggart, receives support, it is discouraging to the efforts of the lovers of good government."

Rev. G. A. Carstensen, pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, was on his feet in an instant. It was with some feeling that he replied:

"If the pastor of the man who has been attacked, I feel it my duty to answer what has been said. I feel that Mr. Taggart has been slandered. I am an admirer of Mr. Denny, and believe he is a good man, but I also believe Mr. Taggart is a good man. I don't propose to sit here and listen to such reprehensible things. I do not believe the statements made by Mr. Crafts. I believe they are untrue."

Mr. Carstensen finished amid considerable confusion. Two or three ministers were for adjourning. Mr. Crafts's voice arose, however, above the confusion, as he said:

"Well, here are the proofs. I can substantiate the charges I make. I looked this matter up, and on page 41, of Record 184, at the city controller's office, I find written, 'License issued to Thomas Taggart, and following in parenthesis are the words, 'Grand Hotel.'"

"I cannot believe the records show that," replied Mr. Carstensen rather warmly. "I shall look the matter up, and if it is ascertained that you are mistaken, I expect you to make a retraction as publicly as you have made the charge."

"If, after investigating the matter, you find I am mistaken, I shall be pleased to retract, but I know I am right. I also find it on record that the bartender who sold liquor under this license issued to Mr. Taggart was arrested in April, 1894, for violating the Sunday law. He was fined \$25 in Police Court."

"This seems a great injustice to Mr. Taggart," said Mr. Carstensen. "He is not a member of the church, but a pewholder, and his family are members."

"Nevertheless, I have presented nothing but facts," retorted Mr. Crafts, and then the discussion was stopped by the president, who asked that the meeting be adjourned.

Mr. Carstensen did look the question up yesterday afternoon. He found that the record at the controller's office has mention made of Mr. Taggart's license to sell intoxicating liquors at the Grand Hotel. It was also learned that on Sunday, April 8, 1894, H. T. Washburn, bartender at the Grand Hotel bar, which operated under the license issued to Mr. Taggart, was arrested for a violation of the law. The arrest was made by patrolmen H. C. Johnson and Sullivan, who were then new men on the force and obtained admittance to the saloon unchallenged. Washburn was taken to headquarters in the patrol wagon and the following day in Police Court, he pleaded guilty to violating the law. He was fined \$25 and costs, amounting to \$35, which amount was paid.

The proceedings of the ministers' meeting, which came previous to the consideration of Mr. Taggart's license, were interesting and the discussions were good natured. Rev. J. L. Mackintosh read a book review. Rev. E. Brown, editor of the Ram's Horn, read a paper on "A Man of God." Dr. Crafts closed with an address, which led to the discussion with Mr. Carstensen, in which he said: "I am glad to be with you to-day and to have heard the review of Mr. Taggart's work in defense of religion. When I hear some of the ministers talking about the surrender of the liquor interests being on top, the political bosses have everything their own way. I feel like crying out, 'Thank God, that's a lie!'"

"This city is, I am sorry to find, behind in this reform. I have been in many drug stores since I have been in the city, and in every store I have seen these penny-in-the-slot machines. Your able and admirable chief of police has told me of his efforts to stop this form of gambling. He issued an order against the machines, and all but eleven were taken out of the stores. He had one machine examined by a chess expert, who figured out that the chances on these machines are 10 to 1 against the player. I think of it! It is only a penny to play it, and this lets in all the boys who care to play. It is the most seductive form of gambling. The chief of police of this town took the case to the courts, and there the case was lost. The case was probably because of a failure of public sentiment."

"When the Legislatures of Indiana, Pennsylvania and Ohio close in drunken brawls, and the national Congress, also, as they did this year, and when such a city as Cleveland, Ohio, has a saloon men are of Puritan stock and members of churches, spend thousands of dollars in champagne, it is evident that drinking usages are far from dead. Indiana's Legislature helped the temperance cause by the question by the Nicholson law, the best form of local option, but there is much more to be done."

A LETTER TO MR. CARSTENSEN.

Rev. Mr. Crafts Quotes Records to Prove His Statement.

Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts, who made reference at the ministers' meeting yesterday morning to Mr. Taggart having a saloon license in his own name and to the fact that Mr. Taggart's bartender was fined for violating the liquor laws, has written an open letter to Rev. Mr. Carstensen, who challenged the truth of the statement made by Mr. Crafts. Mr. Crafts is superintendent of the National Bureau of Reform, and was officially invited by the executive committee of the Ministers' Association to speak before that body yesterday morning and this invitation was approved by a vote of the association itself. Mr. Crafts spoke on municipal reforms and gave Indianapolis the credit of having the best municipal government in the last two years of any city in the country. He says he felt at liberty, after reciting the good things about the city, to call attention to dangers. He has no sense, a partisan and, indeed, believes in nonpartisan nominations. In his open letter addressed to Mr. Carstensen, he says:

"At the close of my address to-day in the ministers' meeting, you intimated that I had spoken as a partisan because I compared Balfour, as a religious author, with Democratic leaders only on this side. Brice and Gorman and Hill, who could not have written 'Foundations of Belief,' overlooking the fact that was comparing representatives of the conservative parties on both sides of the sea to make the illustration and contrast more exact. That I had not spoken as a partisan you should have seen in that I condemned all parties and leaders only on this side. You further intimated, (second), that I was not a worthy Christianologist because I spoke favorably of disestablishment (as I American Episcopalians were thus attacked last, in your opinion, being unworthy of mention in a world-wide review of the progress of reform in 1895. But surely the form of gambling that is especially adapted to start children and youth in that vice is a most serious form of gambling, and other cities have generally so regarded it and accordingly suppressed it, as the excellent police department of this city would have done if the case carried to the court had not been there hung up by somebody's neglect. But you also intimated, (third), that I lied in making the double statement that one of those nominated for Mayor of this city I used no name, neither of

person nor party) was the holder of a saloon license under the name of the place thus licensed was on record as having violated the Sunday law. You intimated that you would prove these statements false and demand a retraction, which I gladly promised in such case to make, but you that I spoke by the book, and that you would find the record of the license as No. 41 of the public record of liquor licenses, and the record of law-breaking of that place (I did not say the proprietor opened on Sunday in person) in the Police Court records of the spring of 1894, on or about April 8. Turn about is fair play and I hope to receive your retraction and apology to-morrow when you have found by investigation that in saying, with a slight circumlocution, that I have lied, you did that very thing, not to mention the questions of courtesy on which the guest of the preachers' meeting might make a further claim upon you. Your intimation by invitation to the preachers' meeting of the progress of reform in Indianapolis, is as wide of the mark as the habit of some preachers who condemn no sins except of the absent and distant Jews and Philistines."

Your statement since the meeting, after investigation had proved to you the truth of my statements, that the bartender who was arrested was working an extra day beyond what he was paid for on Sunday is a story of disinterested benevolence that I fear will find little credence. To those who believe this I am constrained to say, 'I have not found so great faith, no, not in Israel.'"

INCREASE OF 76,042

STATE VOTE AS SHOWN BY THE RECENT CENSUS.

The Total Is Now 527,072, While in 1880 It Was Only 551,048—Total Colored Vote 13,322.

The State Auditor yesterday received the last of the enumeration of voters by counties. The report is made every six years for the benefit of the State in making the legislative apportionment. The footings show that there are 527,072 voters in the State. A comparison of the number of voters reported by the township trustees and the number of men assessed shows that more than 200,000 escape poll tax. In 1880 the enumeration showed the total number of voters in the State to be 495,650; in 1890 the total number of voters was 551,048. The difference in the enumeration of 1880 and 1890 is as follows: Increase of white votes, 17,745; increase of colored votes, 2,297. Following is the enumeration for 1895 by counties, compared with that of 1880:

	White.	Col'd.	Total.
Adams	5,147	5,147	10,294
Allen	18,391	72	18,463
Benton	3,526	13	3,539
Blackford	4,687	7	4,694
Boone	2,841	42	2,883
Brown	2,350	2,350	4,700
Carroll	5,302	10	5,312
Cass	3,202	8	3,210
Clark	7,022	639	7,661
Clay	8,149	149	8,298
Crawford	7,652	81	7,733
Daviess	8,890	73	8,963
Dearborn	28	28	56
Decatur	5,503	44	5,547
DeKalb	4,479	4	4,483
Delaware	11,154	193	11,347
Dubois	4,484	9	4,493
Elkhart	11,645	12	11,657
Fayette	7,729	102	7,831
Floyd	6,986	500	7,486
Fountain	4,447	4	4,451
Franklin	4,698	2	4,700
Fulton	4,673	6	4,679
Gibson	6,531	267	6,798
Grant	13,444	392	13,836
Greene	6,577	33	6,610
Hamilton	7,281	126	7,407
Hancock	4,915	19	4,934
Harrison	5,215	81	5,296
Hendricks	4,751	8	4,759
Henry	6,405	140	6,545
Huntington	7,384	153	7,537
Jackson	6,252	74	6,326
Jay	4,447	4	4,451
Jefferson	6,092	244	6,336
Jennings	1,545	81	1,626
Johnson	5,285	90	5,375
Knox	7,827	128	7,955
Kosciusko	4,412	14	4,426
Lagrange	4,279	2	4,281
Lake	8,194	24	8,218
LaPorte	3,444	38	3,482
Lawrence	5,264	101	5,365
Madison	14,841	122	14,963
Marion	3,304	4,021	7,325
Marshall	6,479	6	6,485
Marion	3,081	32	3,113
Monroe	4,722	144	4,866
Montgomery	4,356	27	4,383
Morgan	4,982	27	5,009
Newton	2,890	19	2,909
Noble	4,824	40	4,864
Ohio	1,244	42	1,286
Orange	3,709	15	3,724
Owen	2,788	13	2,801
Parke	5,623	72	5,695
Perry	4,099	62	4,161
Pike	4,708	97	4,805
Porter	5,111	345	5,456
Pulaski	2,219	1	2,220
Putnam	5,619	80	5,699
Randolph	1,481	131	1,612
Ripley	5,317	11	5,328
Rush	6,255	199	6,454
Scott	4,481	12	4,493
Shelby	6,987	88	7,075
Spencer	5,219	365	5,584
St. Joseph	12,492	92	12,584
Stearns	4,831	19	4,850
Steuben	4,331	5	4,336
Switzerland	3,190	22	3,212
Tipton	10,677	85	10,762
Tipton	4,831	12	4,843
Union	1,953	32	1,985
Vanderburgh	14,714	1,726	16,440
Vermillion	15,334	623	15,957
Vigo	4,364	11	4,375
Wabash	2,362	59	2,421
Warren	2,493	4	2,497
Warrick	6,339	197	6,536
Washington	4,738	428	5,166
Wayne	10,438	260	10,698
Wells	5,687	68	5,755
White	4,784	2	4,786
Whitley	4,352	22	4,374
Total	513,750	13,322	527,072

CHAPLAIN APPEALS IN PERSON.

Wants the Governor to Pardon a Dying Convict in Prison North.

An elderly man with a stubby growth of bright, red beard and a coat of clerical cut, walked into the executive parlors at the Statehouse yesterday afternoon and deposited a tan-colored satchel on the desk of the executive clerk. The visitor mopped the perspiration from his face and then drew a letter from his pocket, which he handed to the clerk. He was Rev. A. H. Currie, chaplain of the northern prison.

"I am very sorry that the Governor is not here," he said, when told the chief executive was out of the city. "I have come 100 miles to see him on a mission of great importance." Secretary King was in his room and the reverend gentleman was shown in. He explained that his visit was in the interest of Charles Kennedy, sent to prison from Montgomery county in 1893 for horse-stealing. An application was made for a pardon by Kennedy's friends some time ago, but the case has never been investigated. The petition was signed by Judge Harney, of the Montgomery Circuit Court, besides others. Kennedy is dying of consumption in the prison hospital. It is his one desire to be permitted to die at his home surrounded by his family. The prison chaplain has taken an interest in the case, and Sunday promised the man that he would make a personal call upon the Governor.

"A man can die in the penitentiary as well as any place else," can't he Chaplain?" asked Secretary King.

"Yes, sir, a man can die there," responded the old chaplain, "but in this case it looks as if the poor fellow ought to have his request granted. He can't possibly live but a short time; he has a mother and a wife and three children. One of his children he has never seen. I have understood that the Governor is a kindhearted man and I thought if I came to see him he might do something. I have paid my own expenses here and am simply one in the interest of humanity. This man wants to die with his family about him and it would be any benefit to the State to keep him there longer."

Secretary King promised to lay the matter before the Governor on his return to the city, and reassured the chaplain that the case would be investigated at once. Chaplain Currie says that the convict in the prison are showing an unusual interest in religious matters. Since he was appointed by the new warden he has baptized forty

convicts. A week ago last Sunday eighty convicts participated in the sacrament. The Chaplain says that Willie Smith regularly attends the devotional exercises.

Good Citizens' Campaign.

The executive committee of the Indiana Good Citizens' League met yesterday in this city. President S. E. Nicholson being present. It was decided to push the organization into every county seat, and particularly into every county seat, and steps were taken for raising the money needed for the work. Official headquarters will be opened in this city in the course of a week.

\$25.30 Dallas, Tex., and Return. \$25.30

Vandalia Line.

Account of missionary convention of the Christian Church. Tickets sold Oct. 15. See Rev. R. J. Hays, E. Scofield, Rev. D. R. Lucas.

GEO. E. ROCKWELL, D. P. A.

Mr. David Kregelo, the old reliable undertaker, has re-entered the undertaking business at 29 North Illinois street. Telephone No. 250 is the only number that will reach Mr. Kregelo. Mr. Robert Adams, who has been with him for years, will again be his assistant.

Hardwood Mantels, Grates, Jno. M. Lilly.

Insure your home in the Glens Falls.

SONMER PIANOS, Carlin & Lenox, 31 E. Market.

For Fine Cigars. PIERSON'S, 12 North Penn.

ELECTIONS

Are uncertain. Republicans claim the election of Trustee and Democrats say Taggart will win.

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It will soothe and comfort you.

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